

BIG STRIKE AT KRUPPS

Essen Is Isolated from the
Rest of Ger-
many

MUNITION WORKERS
HAVE STRUCK

Fully Half of Them Out—
Rhine Provinces Also
Seriously Affected

London, May 2.—"In the Rhine provinces more than half the munitions workers decided to strike to-day," wires the correspondent at The Hague of the Exchange Telegraph company. "Essen (home of the great Krupp works) is shut off from the rest of Germany and completely isolated from the world in order to prevent the slightest information about strikes at the Krupp works from leaking out. Strikes are general in small towns near the Dutch frontier."

PEACE TALK SENDS PRICE OF WHEAT OFF 15 CENTS

Market Slumps on Announcement That
Swiss Minister Has Asked Confer-
ence with the President.

Chicago, May 2.—Reports that the Swiss minister, in charge of German diplomatic interests at Washington, had asked for a conference with President Wilson, and that the German chancellor's peace terms would be outlined in an address to the Reichstag Thursday, caused a sharp drop in wheat prices yesterday. May declined 16 cents, to \$2.55; July, 10½ cents, to \$2.15, and September, 5½ cents, to \$1.82.

REVENUE BILL STIRS UP STORM

And Adjournment Is Necessary to Bring
About Peace—Many Changes
Are Expected.

Washington, D. C., May 2.—Submission of the new \$1,000,000,000 revenue bill to the House ways and means committee yesterday by a sub-committee brought out such a storm of protest and dissatisfaction that the meeting was quickly adjourned in an effort to restore peace. Democrats and Republicans alike disapproved what they called the star chamber proceedings of the sub-committee, and insisted they should have had full opportunity to be heard before even a tentative bill was reported.

Every indication was that the sub-committee draft of the bill would be much overruled. The fight is expected to center about the proposed excess profits tax, to which, to the surprise of many Republicans, Representative Fordney of Michigan, the ranking Republican member, agreed.

BREAD IN THE HOME.

Government Specialists Test Its Value
and the Best Way of Preparing It.

If home-baked bread were uniformly well made it would be used more extensively than at present in place of more expensive foodstuffs. Specialists in the U. S. department of agriculture, and this would be a distinct economy. From the standpoint of nutrition it makes very little difference whether breadstuffs are served in the form of bread or in the form of breakfast cereals, side dishes with meat, or desserts. A man engaged in moderate muscular work can profitably consume about three-fourths of a pound of these forms. This quantity is the equivalent of one pound of baked bread. As a matter of fact, however, it is not probable that in the average family this quantity is consumed and the deficiency is made up by the use of more expensive substances. Of course, bread alone is not sufficient for the maintenance of health, but from both an economical and a hygienic point of view should be used more extensively than it usually is.

In a new publication of the department, farmers' bulletin 807, detailed directions for the making of bread in the home are given, together with a number of convenient recipes for home-made biscuits, rolls and bread in which rice or potatoes are used with flour. The bulletin also gives a scorecard by means of which it is suggested the housewife can estimate the merit of her product.

BETTER THAN CALOMEL

Thousands Have Discovered Dr.
Edwards' Olive Tablets are
a Harmless Substitute

Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets—the substitute for calomel—are a mild but sure laxative, and their effect on the liver is almost instantaneous. They are the result of Dr. Edwards' determination not to treat liver and bowel complaints with calomel. His efforts to banish it brought out these little olive-colored tablets.

These pleasant little tablets do the good that calomel does, but have no bad after effects. They do not injure the teeth like strong liquids or calomel. They take hold of the trouble and quickly correct it. Why cure the liver at the expense of the teeth? Calomel sometimes plays havoc with the gums. So do strong liquids. It is best not to take calomel, but to let Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets take its place.

Most headaches, "dullness" and that lary feeling come from constipation and a disordered liver. Take Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets when you feel "fogy" and "heavy." Note how they "clear" the brain and how they "perk up" the spirits. 10c and 25c a box. All druggists.

Resinol Soap



makes clear skins
and good hair

The regular use of Resinol Soap for the toilet, bath and shampoo, can usually be relied on to keep the complexion clear, the hands white and soft, and the hair healthy, glossy and free from dandruff.

If the skin or scalp is already in bad condition, a short treatment with Resinol Soap may first be necessary to restore its normal health. Resinol Soap and Ointment are sold by all druggists. For samples free, write to Dept. 18-P, Resinol, Baltimore, Md.

STAR SPANGLED BANNER.

Oh, say can you see, by the dawn's early light,
What so proudly we hail'd at the twilight's last gleaming,
Whose broad stripes and bright stars,
Thro' the perilous night
O'er the ramparts we watch'd
So gallantly streaming?

And the rockets red glare, the bombs bursting in air,
Gave proof thro' the night that our flag was still there,
Oh, say does that star-spangled banner yet wave
O'er the land of the free and the home of the brave?

On the shore dimly seen thro' the mist of the deep,
Where the foe's haughty host in dread silence reposes,
What is that which the breeze o'er the towering steep,
As it fitfully blows, half conceals, half discloses?
Now it catches the gleam of the morning's first beam,
In full glory reflected now shines on the stream.

Chorus:
The star-spangled banner, oh, long may it wave,
O'er the land of the free and the home of the brave.

And where is that band, that so vauntingly swore
That the havoc of war and the battle's confusion,
A home and a country should leave us no more?
Their blood has wash'd out their foul footsteps' pollution.
No refuge could save the hireling and slave,
From the terror of death and the gloom of the grave.

Chorus:
And the star-spangled banner in triumph shall wave,
O'er the land of the free and the home of the brave.

Oh, thus be it ever when freemen shall stand
Between their loved homes and the war's desolation;
Blest with vict'ry and peace, may the heav'n rescued land
Praise the power that hath made and preserved us a nation!
Then conquer we must, when our cause is just,
And this be our motto: "In God is our trust!"

Chorus:
And the star-spangled banner in triumph shall wave,
O'er the land of the free and the home of the brave.

—Francis Scott Key.

ALASKA INDIANS OWN CO-OPERATIVE STORES

Business Training Is Also Included in
the Education of the Modern
Eskimo.

Guided by the department of the interior through its bureau of education, the Alaskan Indian is fast learning important lessons in business management. He is taught to protect himself from the sharp practices of unscrupulous traders.

In several Eskimo villages, the school authorities have started co-operative stores, where natives may exchange their wares, and buy the necessities of life at a legitimate price. Contact with the civilized world has forced many of them to rely on certain requisites of civilized life, and these were often imposed upon them at extortionate prices.

The bureau of education put a stop to this vicious system. Under the general supervision of the teachers, co-operative stores were established among the natives, owned and managed by the natives themselves. At these stores food and supplies are sold at reasonable prices, and furs and ivory, woven baskets and other native products can be disposed of with profit for the Indian.

Twelve months after its establishment, the co-operative store at Hyaberg, in southeastern Alaska, declared a cash dividend of 50 per cent and still had funds available that were used in the construction of a larger store.

In addition to the actual stores, the department of the interior has made arrangements whereby natives may forward their furs and other products to Seattle, where they are sold at auction. In this way the income of the Alaskan Indian frequently attains very fair proportions.

Male Remorse.
She—How foolish we were when we were young.
He—Yes, and how young we were when we were married.—Boston Transcript.

Preparedness.
"Professor," said the student, "I want to take up international law. What course of study would you recommend?"
"Constant target practice,"—Puck.

DO YOU KNOW THAT
A good water supply in the spring may save an undertaker's bill in the fall?

It's the spring fly which makes the summer pest!

A mosquito-breeding pool may mean malaria later on!

Spring gardening has lengthened many lives!

Fresh air is the best tonic!
To-day is the best time to begin to build for health!

FLAG RAISED AT RANDOLPH

A Patriotic Demonstration
Held Despite Rainy
Weather

PUBLIC SAFETY
COMMITTEE NAMED

Rev. A. W. Hewitt and Rev.
Fraser Metzger Were
Among Speakers

Randolph, May 2.—The flag raising on Tuesday took place at about 1 o'clock, when the band came out in the rain and the ceremony was begun by their playing "America." As the flag was raised the rain was coming down, but it did not dampen the courage, and as soon as the flag was in place, three cheers were given by the company assembled and the band led the way to Music hall, where the speeches and town meeting were held. The first number here was also a selection by the band, after which N. L. Boyden gave the purpose of the meeting and the clerk was called upon to read the article in the warning. Upon the stage were seated the band and a delegation from the U. S. Grant post, Rev. A. W. Hewitt of Plainfield, Prin. Green of the Center and Rev. Fraser Metzger.

Following the reading of the article, a motion was made to suspend the business temporarily and listen to an address by Rev. A. W. Hewitt, who upon being introduced, gave a very good talk upon the war, giving the conditions of the countries which were now engaged in this warfare. In his remarks, he said that as the Germans went forth to their conflict they passed an hour reading the Bible and in prayer and went out singing "A Mighty Fortress is Our God," believing that victory would be theirs. Mr. Hewitt predicted a long war and told of the devastating effects of the same and appealed to those present to be willing to sacrifice for the final triumph of right.

The chair then, in accordance with a motion made and seconded, appointed a nominating committee, composed of V. I. Spear, J. C. Sherburne, W. T. Bryant, Mr. Meigs and J. B. Adams, who were requested to retire for conference. On their return they reported the following: G. L. Green, Walter Gifford, C. L. Boyden, D. L. Loomis, Roy Gilman. During the absence of the nominating committee, Prin. Green and Sup't. Patterson spoke. This committee were elected to serve on the public safety committee. Following this, M. M. Wilson made a motion that the selection of the town be authorized to draw orders on proper vouchers for their use for a sum not to exceed \$100. Rev. Fraser Metzger followed in his usual eloquent manner, and the audience were enthusiastic in his praise as evidenced by the manner in which he was received. The meeting closed with a selection by the band.

ENGLAND'S KING TO URGE PEOPLE TO EAT LESS

WHI Issue Proclamation Calling Upon
Them to Economize 20 Per
Cent. in Food.

London, May 2.—King George will shortly issue a proclamation urging the people to economize to the extent of 25 per cent. in the consumption of food, owing to the gravity of the situation. The proclamation will be read publicly from the steps of the Royal Exchange in London and all town halls throughout the country. It will be read in all churches on Sunday.

ENGINEER STEVENS WILL HEAD U. S. DETAIL TO RUSSIA

Organizer of Panama Canal Force of
Workers to Aid Root in Dip-
lomatic Mission.

Washington, D. C., May 2.—John F. Stevens, who preceded General Goethals at Panama and assembled and organized the force that built the canal, will go to Russia as the head of the engineer mission. He is assembling his force now and will start as soon as possible to assist Mr. Root and the diplomatic mission.

An Unswerving Washington Policy.
In an Ohio town is a colored man whose last name is Washington.

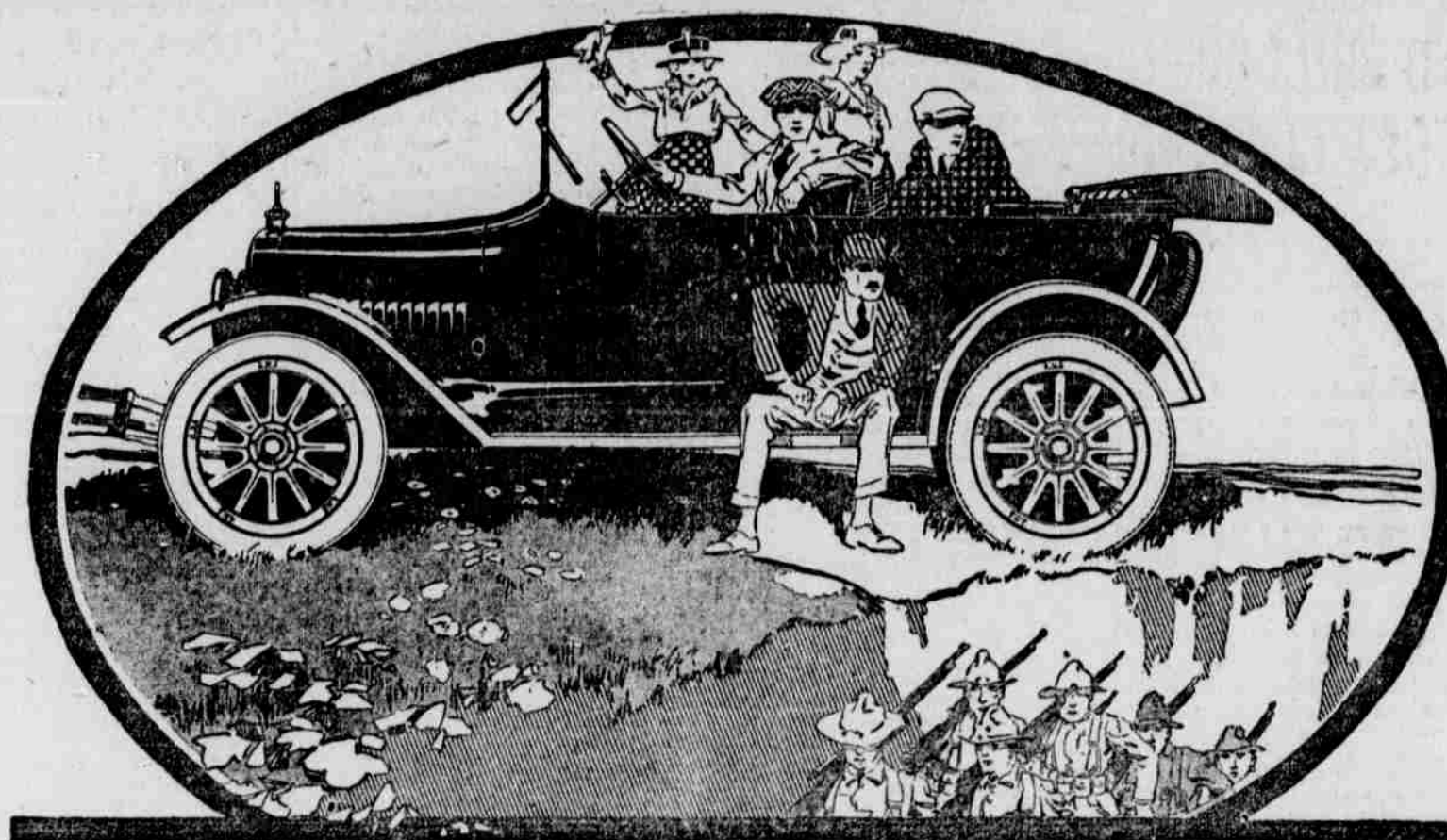
Heaven has blessed him with three sons.
When the first son arrived the father named him George Washington. In due time a second son came. Naturally he was christened Booker Washington. When the third man child was born his parent was at a loss at first for a name for him. Finally, though, he hit on a suitable selection.
The third son, if he lives, will go through life as Spokane Washington.—Saturday Evening Post.

GRANITEVILLE
Solid Rock chapel—Salvation Army service Thursday night at 7 o'clock. Everybody invited.

CLERK ALL RUN DOWN

Restored to Health by Vinol
Shelbyville, Ind.—"I am a clerk in a hotel and was all run down, no energy, my blood was poor and my face covered with pimples. I got so weak I had to put up an awful fight to keep at work. After taking many other remedies without benefit Vinol has restored my health and strength."—ROY F. BIRD.

For all run-down, weak, nervous conditions of men and women, nothing equals Vinol, which contains beef and cod liver peptones, iron and manganese salts and glycerophosphates. Try it on your guarantees. Red Cross Pharmacy, Floyd G. Russell, Prop., Barre; also at the leading drug store in all Vermont towns.—Adv.



Almost Every American Family Can Own a Maxwell Car

Because it costs only \$6 to \$8 a month to run a Maxwell—much
less than the average American family spends on luxuries

The average American family spends a great deal more than \$6 or \$8 a month on amusements and luxuries, most of which mean nothing—wouldn't even be missed.

If you owned a Maxwell you'd want to be out in it as much as possible

—which automatically would cut out more than enough of the cost of other pastimes to cover the cost of running your Maxwell

—and besides, you'd be living better, healthier, happier, in the great out of doors,

—and you'd take your place in the world as the owner of a motor car.

That's what the brains behind the Maxwell have done

—given the world a car every man can own.

An achievement! Isn't it?

The Proof of These Statements

There's no theory about these cost-of-operation figures. They're based on what thousands of Maxwell owners are actually doing—running their cars on an absolute outlay of only \$6 to \$8 a month.

These enthusiastic Maxwell owners tell us, too, that they get upwards of 30 miles out of a gallon of gasoline—many do better than that.

The Maxwell holds the world's record for a non-motor-stop run. A Maxwell stock car made 22,022 miles in 44 days and nights—went 22 miles on every gallon of gasoline used on that long jaunt.

We could tell of many other supreme tests of Maxwell power, endurance and economy,

—magnificent deeds, never equalled by any other automobile,

—but we'll cite just one more:

A woman drove this Maxwell 9,700 miles.

Mrs. Miriam Seeley, Professor at the Oregon Agricultural College, made a 9,700-mile tour across the Continent and back in a Maxwell.

Her total expense account was 1½ cents a mile, including gasoline, oil and repairs.

All prices f. o. b. Detroit
Russell B. Allen, Distributor
Office Tel. 433-W House Tel. 171-Y
262 No. Main St., Barre, Vt. Show Room in Morse Block
Small Monthly Payments Arranged if You Prefer



GARDEN BEANS.

Information Issued by the Extension
Service of the University of Vermont.

All classes of beans are legumes, a group of plants noted for the high food value of their seed and forage being especially rich in protein and containing much starch.

Dry beans are the highest in food value of all vegetables, fresh shelled kidney beans are second, and fresh shelled lima beans are third, while fresh string beans are of small food value due to the scarcity of seeds and the large amount of pod.

Considering palatability and food value together, it is well to so manage and plant the garden as to insure plenty of beans, plenty in the string or snap stage, the surplus to be canned or allowed to mature.

Beans are more susceptible to cold than peas so they should not be planted until danger of frost has passed and the soil begins to be warm. To secure a continuous supply, it is desirable to make plantings at intervals of 10 days to two weeks beginning May 10 to 20, to continue until July 1. For string beans the edible pods are usually ready to pick in from six to ten weeks, thus the first plantings can be followed by some fall crop.

A sweet clay loam soil is considered best for growing field beans, but the ordinary garden soil will do very well. For string and shell beans the rows should be two feet apart and should be seeded thick enough to get plants two to four inches apart. Beans of any kind should not be planted deeper than two inches which is necessary to reach moist soil and secure good germination. Varieties that can be relied upon are: Green Snap, Early Refugee and Early Red Valentine, Wax, Golden Wax, and Wardwell's Kidney Wax; for a green shell, Horticultural or Cranberry.

Lima beans are not a sure crop in the average Vermont garden. Henderson's Improved Bush Lima or Deere's Bush Lima are good to try.

Cultivation can be helped greatly by making a good, deep, clean seed-bed, before planting the seed. After the plants are up a light cultivator should be used to avoid throwing soil around the plants. When they are strong and well established, use the heavy cultivator and throw soil enough about the plants to smother the small weeds. One deep cultivation is sufficient, and should be followed with the spike tooth to avoid cutting roots which soon reach out into the center of the rows. Continue cultivation until the plants are full grown. Never cultivate when the leaves are wet for fear of spreading such disease as anthracnose and bacterial.

Utah Sets New Record in Coal.

The production of coal in Utah in 1916 was 3,567,428 net tons, valued at \$5,795,944, an increase, compared with 1915, of about 459,000 tons, or 15 per cent, in quantity, and of \$879,000, or 18 per cent, in value. The output in 1916, according to C. E. Lesh of the United States geological survey, department of the interior, was the greatest on record for the

state of Utah and exceeds that of 1913, the previous record year, by more than 312,500 tons. The increase was made largely in commercial shipments from the mines in Carbon county, all other counties recording decreases. The consumption of Utah coal by the railroads increased, and the market on the Pacific was extended, largely by reason of the decrease in water-borne fuel from Australia and Japan and from the Atlantic coast of the United States. The activity of the smelters and metal mines increased largely the output of both coal and coke.

For the first 10 months of 1916, except for short periods of coal shortage, the transportation facilities were ample. In

November and December the car supply was reduced and production was somewhat curtailed. In the early part of the year the supply of labor was normal, but in the summer many men left the coal mines to work in the metal mines, where there is more working time and better wages, and many others were reported to have left to seek employment in munition factories and other industries in the East, in the hope of getting better pay. The number of employees decreased from 3,564 in 1915 to 3,129 in 1916, but the average number of days worked increased from 208 to 225 in 1916. The average value of the coal per ton increased from \$1.58 in 1915 to \$1.62 in 1916.

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Doctors Stand Amazed at Power of Bon-Opto to Make Weak Eyes Strong—According to Dr. Lewis

Guaranteed to Strengthen Eyesight 50%
In One Week's Time in Many Instances

A Free Prescription You Can Have
Filled and Use at Home

Philadelphia, Pa. Victims of eye strain and other eye weaknesses, and those who wear glasses, will be glad to know that according to Dr. Lewis there is real hope and help for them. Many whose eyes were failing say they have had their eyes restored by this remarkable prescription and many who once wore glasses say they have thrown them away. One man says, after using it: "I was almost blind. Could not see to read at all. Now I can read everything without my glasses and my eyes do not hurt any more. At night they would pain dreadfully. Now they feel fine all the time. It was like a miracle to me." A lady who used it says: "The atmosphere seemed hazy with or without glasses, but after using this prescription for 15 days everything seemed clear. I can read even fine print without glasses." Another who used it says: "I was bothered with eye strain caused by overworked, tired eyes which induced severe headaches. I have worn glasses for several years both for distance and work, and without them I could not read my own name on an envelope or the type writing on the machine before me. I can do both now and have discarded my long distance glasses altogether. I can count the fluttering leaves on the trees across the street now, which for several years have looked like a dim green blur to me. I cannot express my joy at what it has done for me."

It is believed that thousands who wear glasses can now discard them in a reason-

able time and multitude more will be able to strengthen their eyes so as to be spared the trouble and expense of ever getting glasses. Eye troubles of many descriptions may be wonderfully benefited by the use of this prescription. Go to any active drug store and get a bottle of Bon-Opto tablets. Drop one Bon-Opto tablet in a fourth of a glass of water and let it dissolve. With this liquid bathe the eyes two to four times daily. You should notice your eyes clear up perceptibly right from the start and inflammation and redness will quickly disappear. If your eyes bother you even a little it is your duty to take steps to save them now before it is too late. Many hopelessly blind might have saved their sight if they had cared for their eyes in time.

Note: Another prominent physician to whom the above article was submitted, said: "Yes, the Bon-Opto prescription is truly a wonderful eye remedy. Its constituent ingredients are well known to eminent eye specialists and widely prescribed by them. I have used it very successfully in my own practice on patients whose eyes were strained through overwork or night glasses. I can highly recommend it in case of weak, watery, aching, smarting, itching, burning eyes, red lids, blurred vision or for eyes inflamed from exposure to smoke, sun, dust or wind. It is one of the very few preparations I feel should be kept on hand for regular use in almost every family." Bon-Opto, referred to above, is not a patent medicine or a secret remedy. It is an ethical preparation, the formula being printed on the package. The manufacturers guarantee it to strengthen eyesight 50 per cent in one week's time in many instances or refund the money. It can be obtained from any good druggist and is sold in this city by F. G. Russell and other druggists.—Adv.

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